WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A network system having STAR topology comprising:

a hub site; and

at least one remote site;

wherein call control and management between the hub site and the remote site use Internet Protocol (IP) addressing and HDLC addressing at the link level for identification thereby allowing only a desired remote site to read data transmitted.

- 2. The network system of Claim 1 further comprising a plurality of remote sites.
 - 3. The network system of Claim 2 further comprising:
- a first communication channel to transmit data to the plurality of remote sites; and

a plurality of second communication channels to transmit data from the plurality of remote sites to the hub.

- 4. The network of Claim 1 wherein the hub site comprises:
- a first IP modem for receiving and transmitting data to and from the hub site and for maintaining a network database; and
- at least a second IP modem for receiving data from a remote site.
- 5. The network of Claim 1 wherein the at least one remote site comprises a remote modem for continuously receiving data from the hub site and for transmitting data when required.
 - 6. A network system comprising:
 - a hub site;
 - a plurality of remote sites; and
- a satellite for transmitting data to and from the hub site and the remote site;

wherein call control and management between the hub site and the remote site use Internet Protocol (IP) addressing and HDLC addressing for identification.

- 7. A network system in accordance with Claim 6 wherein the plurality of channels comprises:
- a first communication channel to transmit data to the plurality of remote sites; and
- a plurality of second communication channels to transmit data from the plurality of remote sites to the hub.

- 8. The network of Claim 7 wherein the hub site comprises:
- a first IP modem for receiving and transmitting data to and from the hub site and for maintaining a network database; and
- at least one second IP modem for receiving data from a remote site.
- 9. The network of Claim 7 wherein each of the plurality of remote sites comprises a remote modem for continuously receiving data from the hub site and for transmitting data when required.
- 10. The network of Claim 7 wherein the data base stored in the first IP modem maintains a listing of all the plurality of channels in the network; a listing of destination IP addresses and destination HDLC addresses for each of the plurality of channels; a listing of a guaranteed minimum available bandwidth of each of the plurality of channels and a listing of a maximum allowable bandwidth of each of the plurality of channels.
- 11. The network of Claim 10 wherein the data base stored in the primary network control modem maintains a listing of encryption capability of each channel.

- 12. A network system having STAR topology and which allows on demand single hop connectivity between remote sites comprising:
 - a hub site;
 - a plurality of remote sites;
- a first channel for sending data from the hub site to all of the plurality of remote sites;
- a plurality of second channels for transmitting data from each of the plurality of remote sites to the hub site and for transmitting data between the plurality of remote sites;

wherein call control and management between the hub site and the remote sites and between different remote sites use Internet Protocol (IP) addressing for identification.

- 13. The network of Claim 12 wherein the hub site comprises:
- a first IP modem for receiving and transmitting data to and from the hub site and for maintaining a network database;
- at least a second IP modem for receiving data from a remote site; and
- a single hop server for configuring channels to transmit data directly between different remote sites.

14. The network of Claim 12 wherein each of the plurality of remote sites comprises:

a first remote modem for continuously receiving data from the hub site and for transmitting data when required; and

a second remote modem for receiving data sent from a different remote site.

15. A method for allowing a network system having STAR topology to perform on demand single hop connectivity between remote sites comprising the steps of:

providing a single hop server at a hub site of the network system;

providing a first remote modem at each remote site for continuously receiving data from the hub site and for transmitting data when required;

providing a second remote modem at each remote site that receives data from a second remote site for receiving data sent from a different remote site;

configuring the network so call control and management between the hub site and the remote sites and between different remote sites use Internet Protocol (IP) addressing for identification; and

configuring a direct channel between remote sites that are communicating to transmit the data.

16. The method of Claim 15 wherein the step of configuring a direct channel between remote sites that are communicating comprises the steps of:

sending a signal from a first remote site to the hub site requesting a single hop connection to a second remote site;

checking by the hub site to see if the second remote site is tuned to a carrier being transmitted by the first remote site;

selecting an HDLC address from an available range;

configuring the second remote site to add the selected IP HDLC address for receiving data; and

configuring the first remote site to start using the selected IP HDLC address.

- 17. The method of Claim 15 wherein the step of configuring a direct channel between remote sites that are communicating comprises the steps of using an existing HDLC address when the second remote site is configured to receive a maximum number of HDLC addresses.
- 18. The method of Claim 15 further comprising the step of monitoring for a timeout to determine an end of transmitting data.

- 19. The method of Claim 15 wherein the single hop server can preempt an existing connection to allow a higher priority connection to proceed.
- 20. The method of Claim 15 wherein the single hop server can queue a request until a remote modem at a desired remote site becomes available.
- 21. The method of Claim 15 wherein the network system seamlessly changes topology to support application demand without human intervention and without causing loss of connectivity for current traffic.
- 22. The method of Claim 15 wherein the single hop server can dynamically adjust transmit power of a carrier for single-hop remote to remote connection to compensate for smaller antenna size at the remote sites.